



Agilent Technologies

Taking A WLAN Card From Development into Manufacturing

October 2, 2002

Presented by:

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Introduction

If you are asking yourself these questions:

- **What should I look for when assessing a WLAN design?**
- **What tests should I have in manufacturing for 802.11a, g or h?**
- **How can I future proof myself?**
- **How can I ease debugging?**

Then you are in the RIGHT place!!!



Agenda

- **Updates in WLAN technology**
- **The Process Of Getting from Design to Manufacturing**
- **Inside a WLAN design & the Measurement Methods**
- **Manufacturing Test Configurations**
- **Enhanced Test Solutions**
- **Conclusions**
- **Q&A**

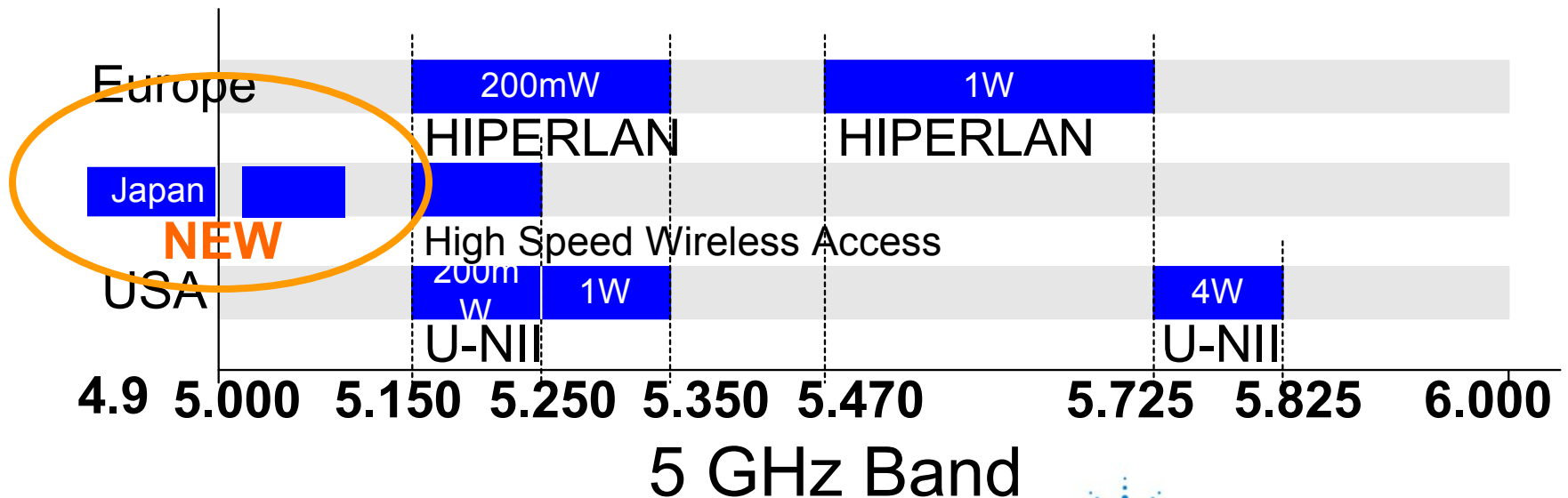
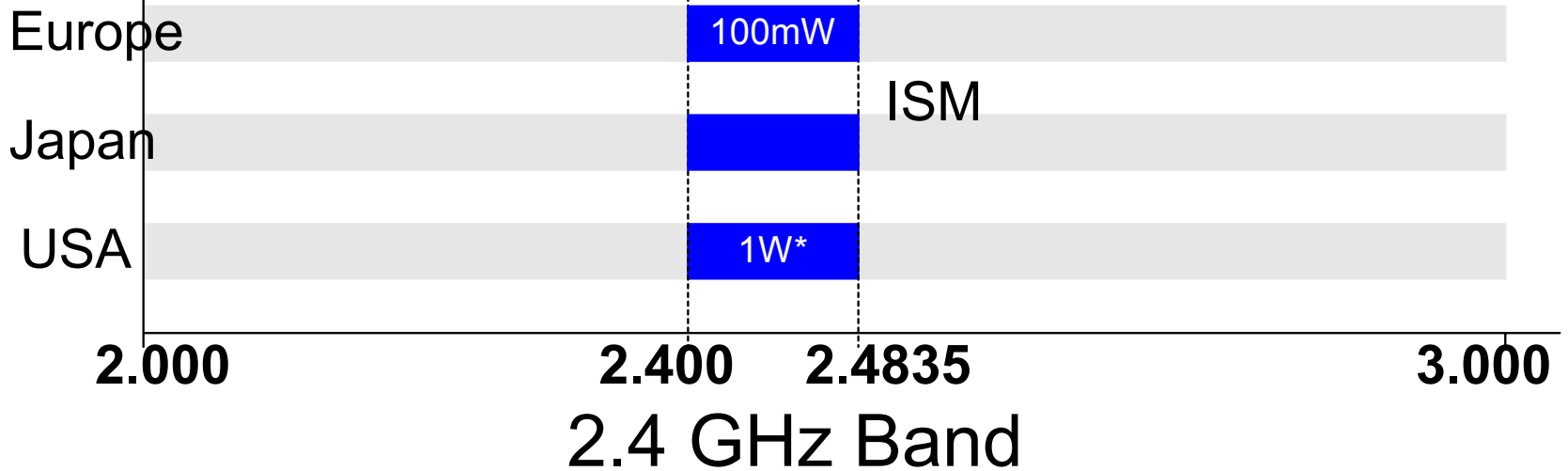


Agenda

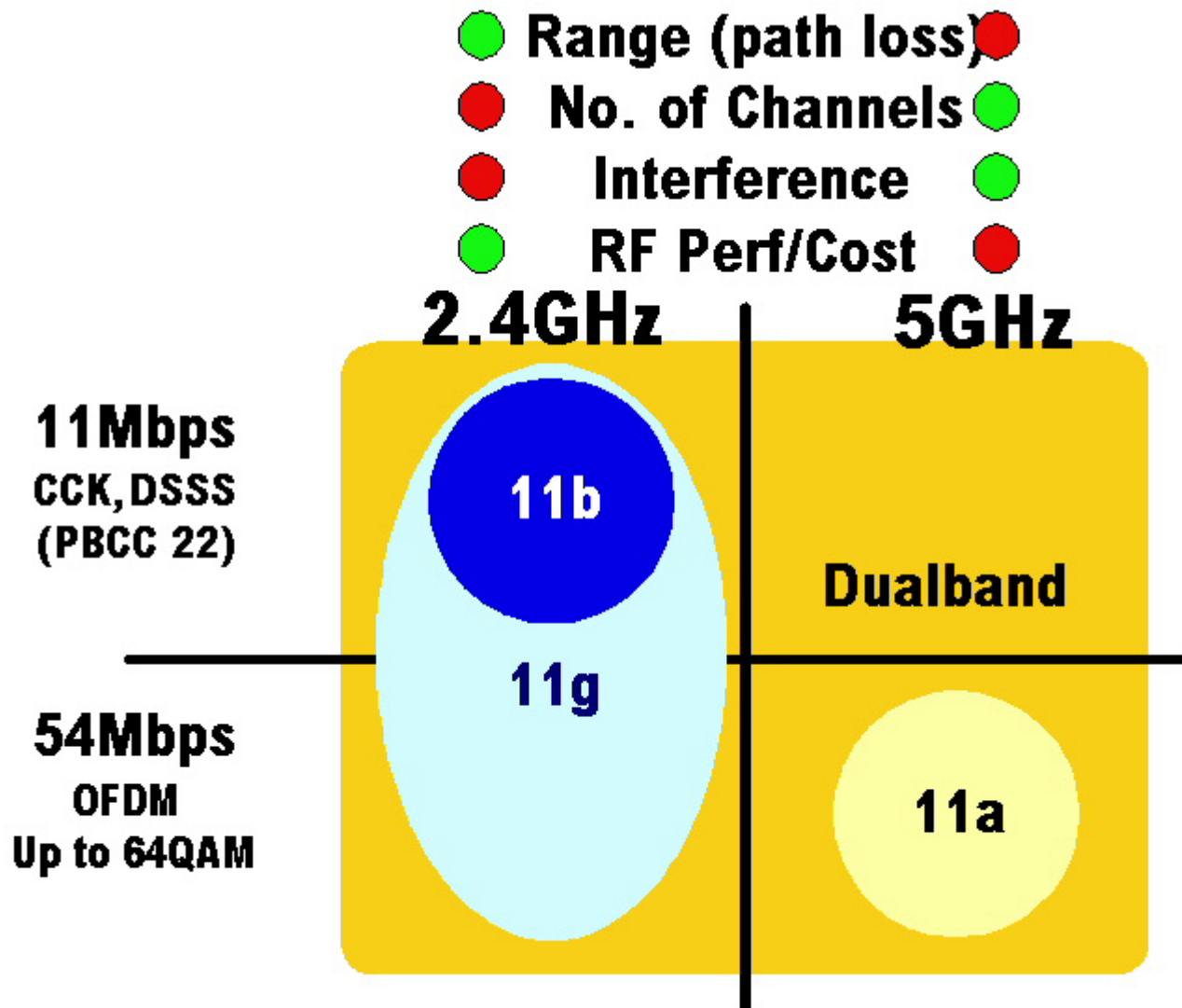
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Worldwide Frequency Allocations



WLAN Technology & Bands



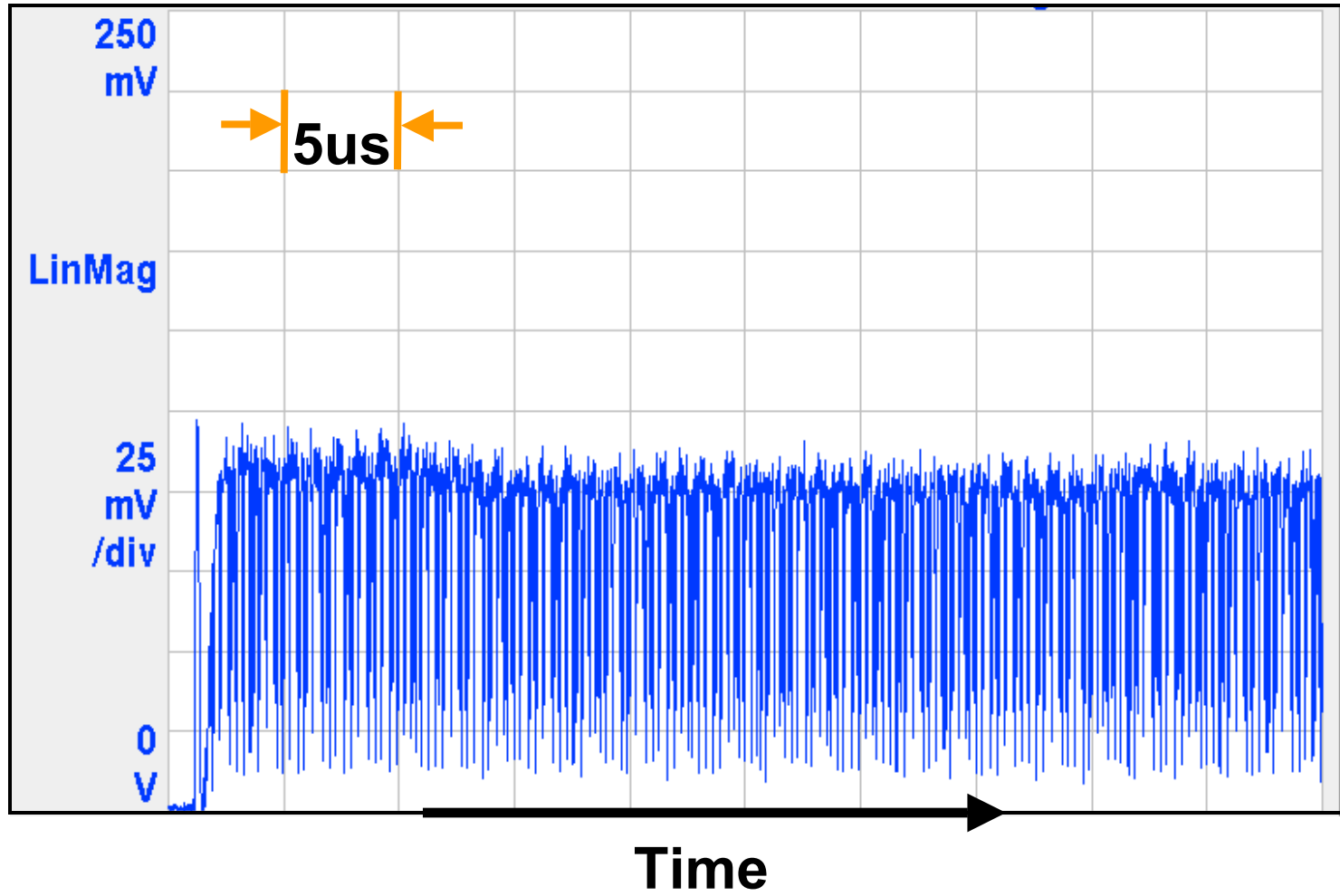
802.11g & 802.11a Complications

- **Extended frequency ranges, from [4.9] 5.150 to 5.35 [5.825] GHz**
- **OFDM / Up to 64-QAM modulation**
- **52 Carriers, 312.5kHz apart**
- **11dB peak/average ratio**
- **EVM test limit varies according to bit rate**
- **Modified Receiver tests**

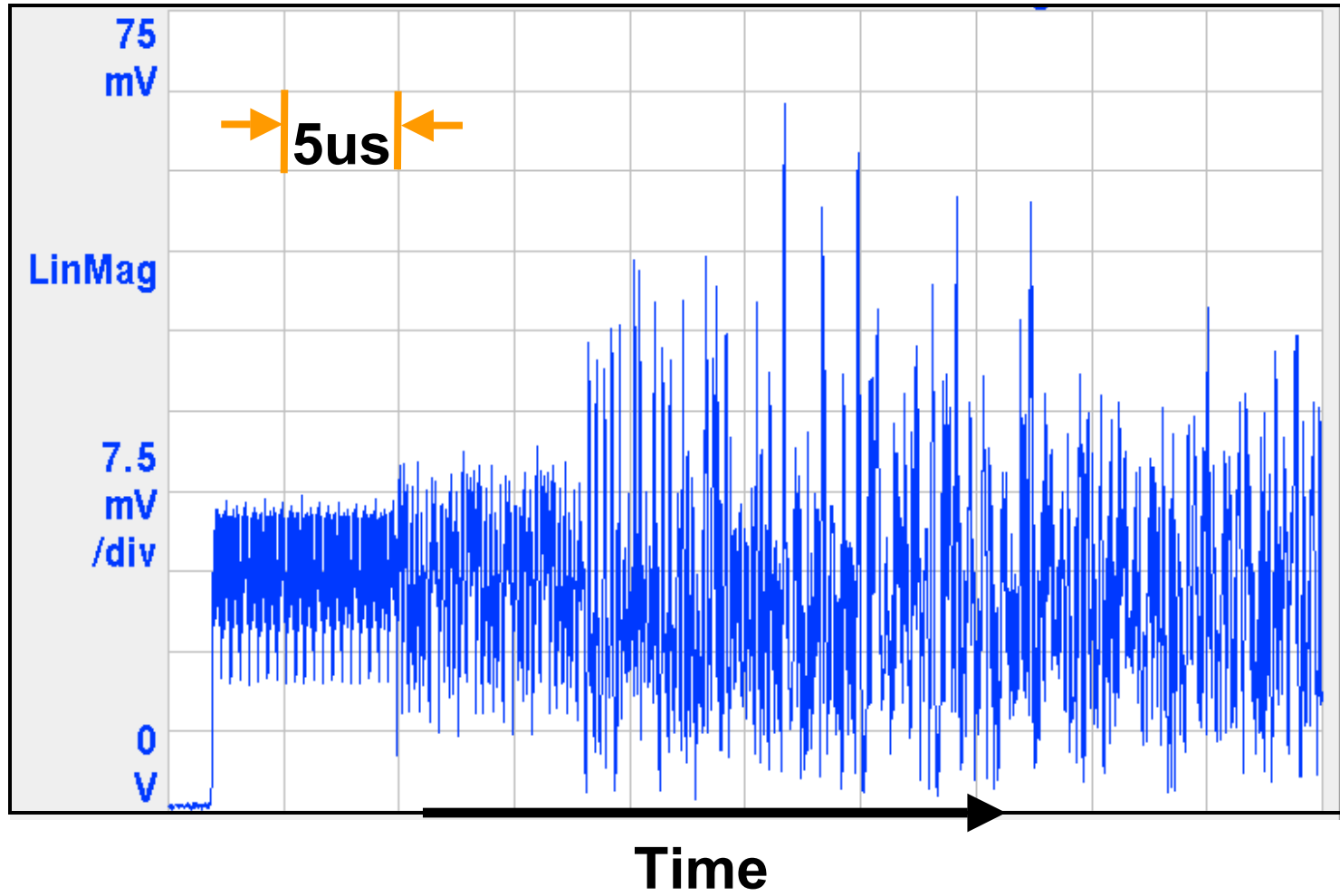
- **Coming soon - 802.11h**



802.11b (DSSS) Voltage versus Time



802.11a,11g (OFDM) Voltage vs. Time



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Who Does What?

Few people see the whole story = “lost” knowledge

TASK	R&D engineering			Integration QA Eng	Manuf Eng	Material Proc
	HW	DSP	SW			
Complete software functions		Main Role	Main Role	Main Role	Secondary	
Get the complete radio to work with same type under all test conditions	Secondary	Secondary	Secondary	Main Role		
Check interoperability with other designs [host & other WLAN cards]	Secondary	Secondary	Secondary	Main Role		
Environmental testing	Main Role				Secondary	
Regulatory pre-qualification	Main Role				Secondary	
Source parts. Set up manufacturing capability	Secondary				Secondary	Main Role
Devise test plan	Secondary				Main Role	
Design & code test SW					Main Role	
Test variations in new manufacturing batches	Secondary				Main Role	

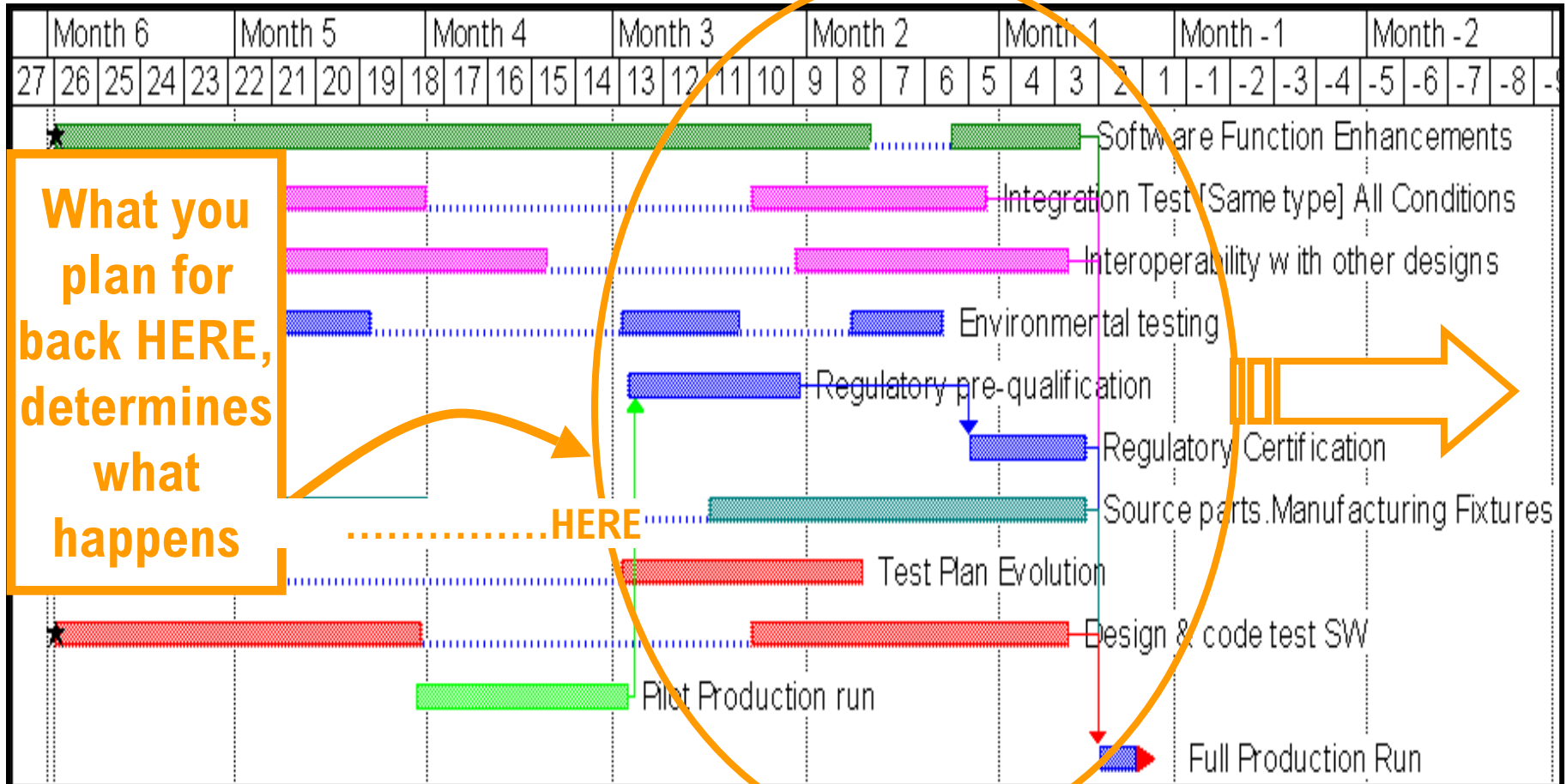
Main Role

Secondary

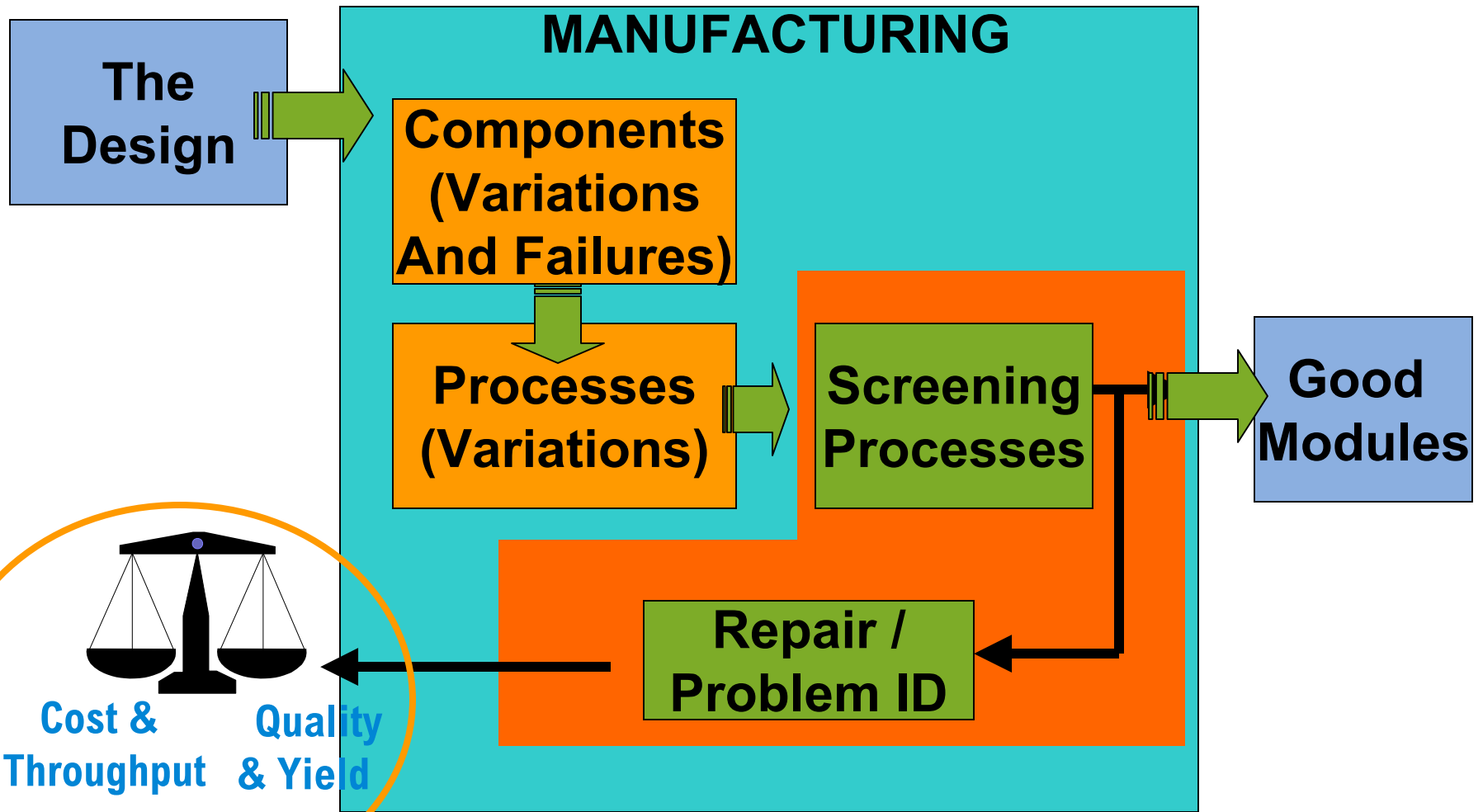


When Does It Happen?

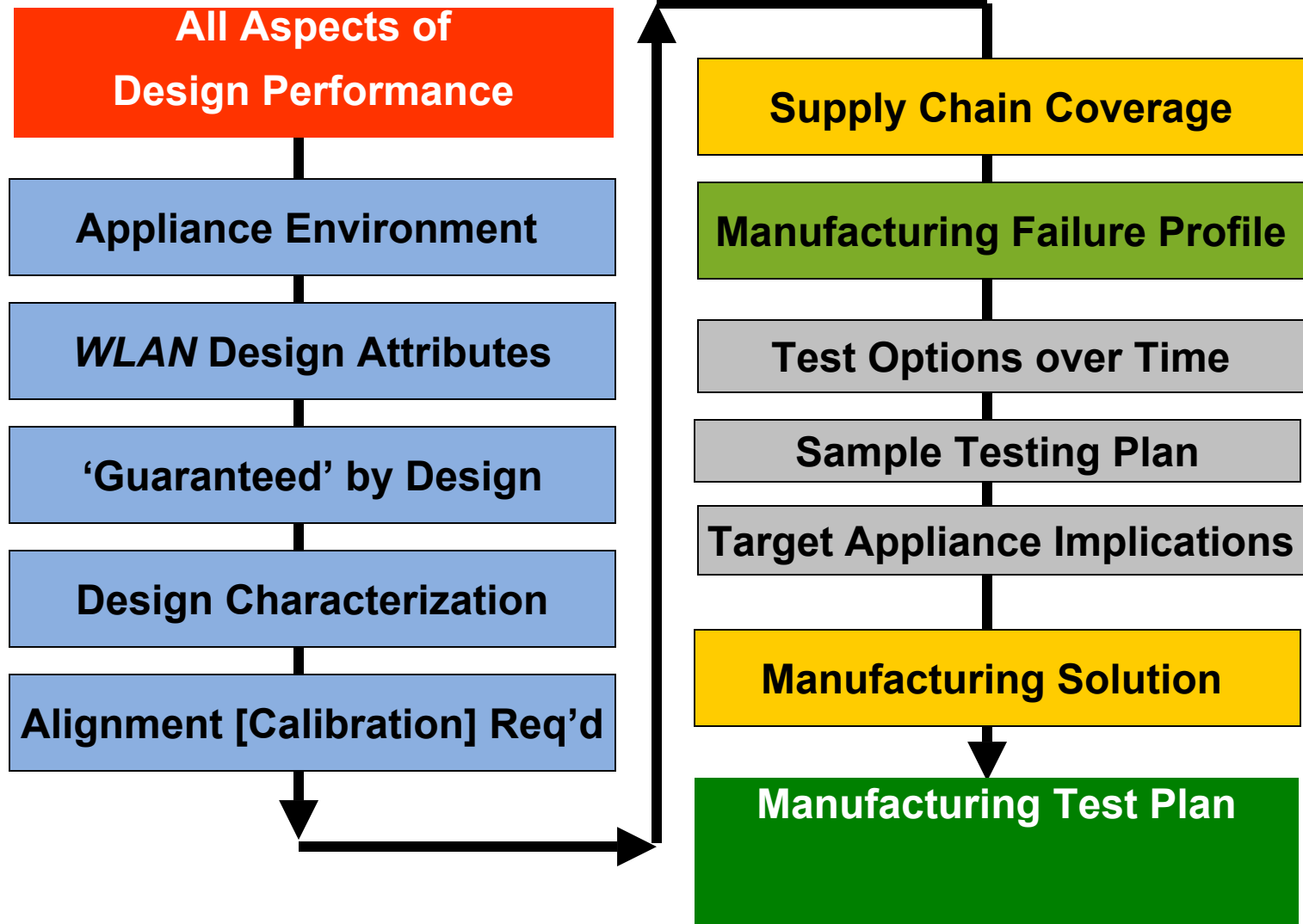
A lot of Concurrency of effort = risk of slip



The Real World As Seen In Production



Applying Filters To Select Tests

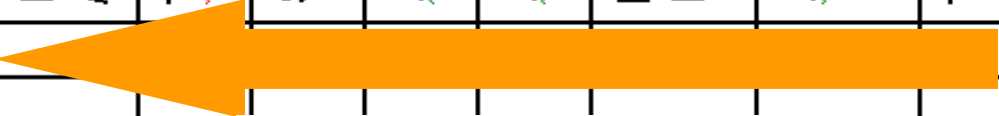


See References for more details



Example of a Filter : Supply Chain Test

PERFORMANCE TEST LIST	MODULE / BUILT-IN		UP STREAM SUPPLY CHAIN TEST EXAMPLES						
	FINAL TEST	BOARD TEST / ALIGNMENT	RFIC				POWER AMP		
			Tx Power	Spurious	Max Output Power	Third Order Intercept
Output Power									
Power Control									
.....									
Spectrum In Band Emissions Out of Band									
Modulation Quality									
Frequency									
.....									
Receiver Sensitivity									
Adjacent Ch rejection									
.....									
Battery Current									



Components move in the direction of the arrow

Example: Supply Chain Test Coverage

KEY

- Strong meas. link
- Weak meas. link
- Calib. Required
- Consider Test
- Test Needed

	MODULE / BUILT-IN		UP STREAM SUPPLY CHAIN TEST EXAMPLES						DESIGN GUARANTEES	
	FINAL TEST	BOARD TEST / ALIGNMENT	RFIC				POWER AMP			
			Tx Power	Spurious	Current	Rx Tests	Max Output Power	Frequency Response		Third Order Intercept
Output Power	Test Needed	Calib. Required	Weak meas. link					Strong meas. link	Weak meas. link	
Power Control	Consider Test	Calib. Required	Weak meas. link							
Pulse Shape	Consider Test		Weak meas. link							
Spectrum In Band	Consider Test	Calib. Required		Weak meas. link						
Emissions Out of Band				Weak meas. link						
Modulation Quality	Consider Test			Weak meas. link						
Frequency	Test Needed	Calib. Required								
Throughput	Test Needed					Weak meas. link				
Receiver Sensitivity	Test Needed					Weak meas. link				
Adjacent Ch rejection						Weak meas. link				
RSSI		Calib. Required								
Battery Current	Test Needed				Weak meas. link					



Observations On The Process

- **SHARE KNOWLEDGE EFFECTIVELY**

Look for ways to reduce the effort required by Development Engineering staff. Standardize where possible

- **TRY TO MAINTAIN TOOL CONSISTENCY**

Uncertainty in Test Methods or use of Different Equipment will create Artificial Problems, and add to the difficulty in resolving real ones

- **TAKE ACCOUNT OF UPSTREAM TESTING**

Manufacturing tests rely on, and should be based on the design & tests done at IC level

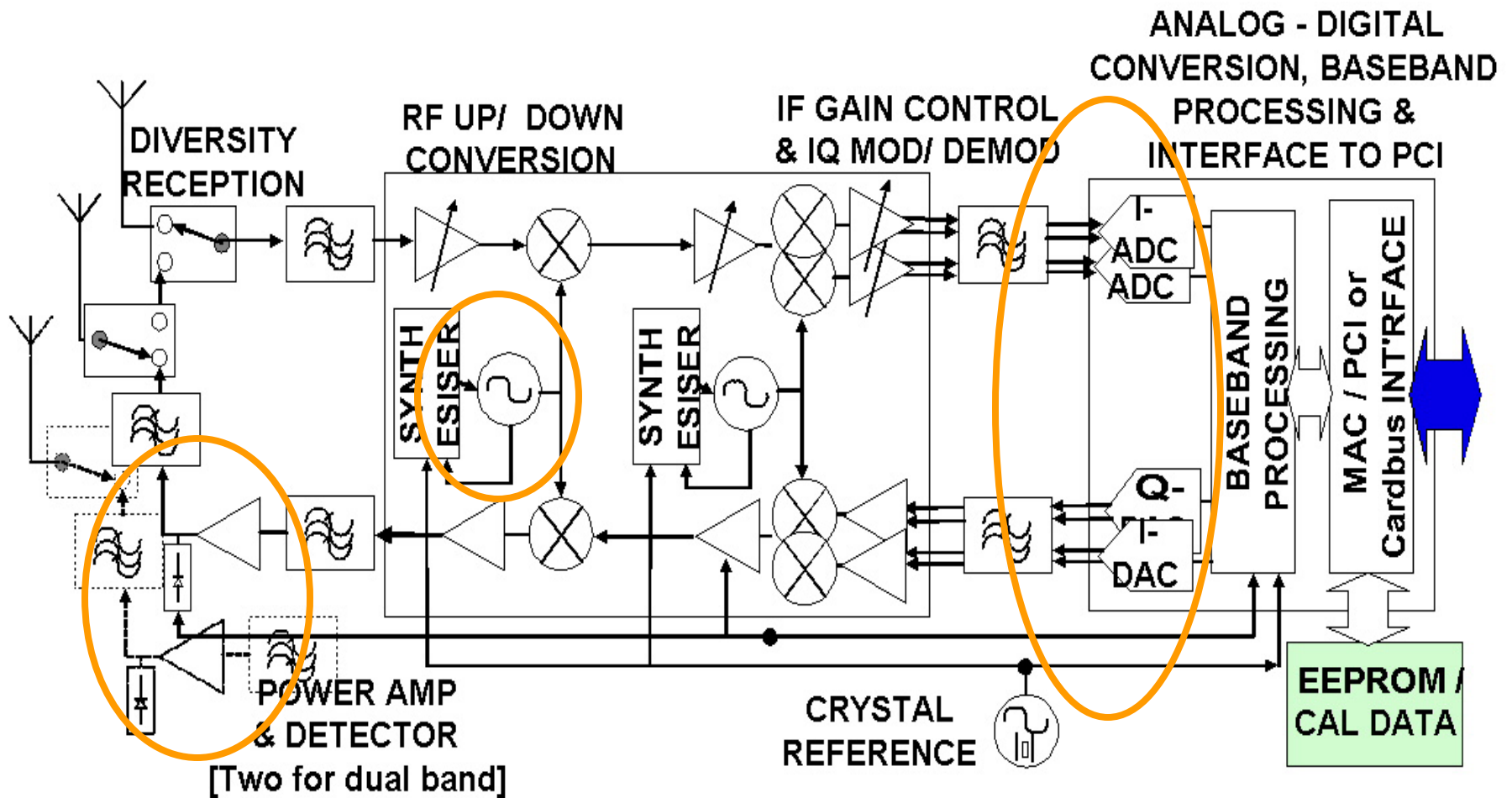


Agenda

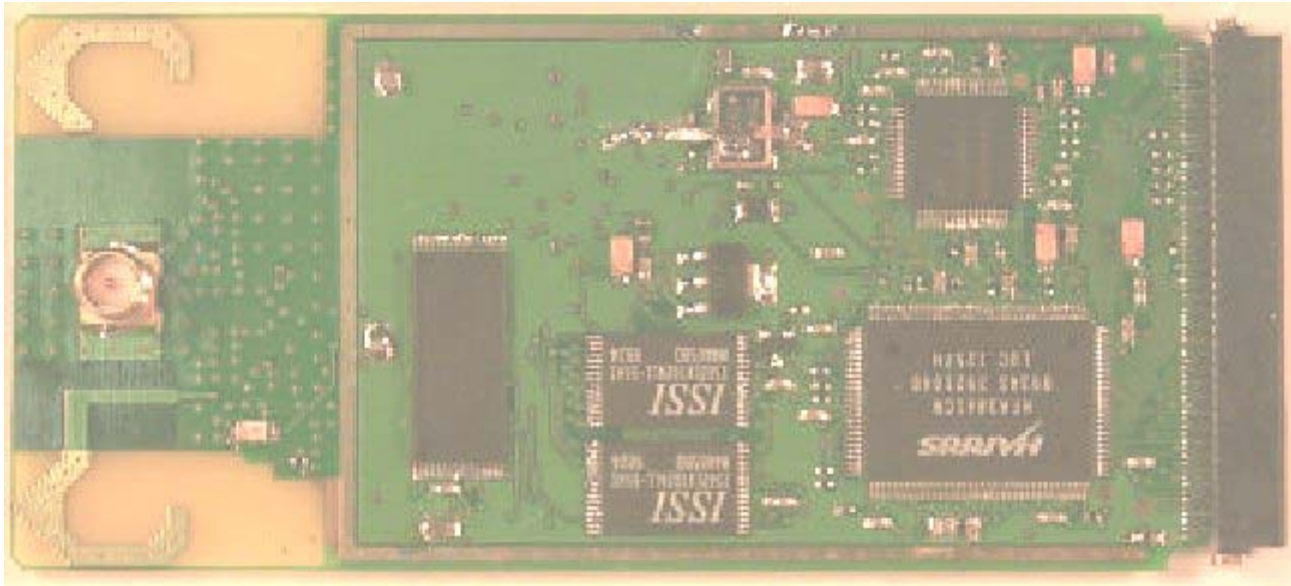
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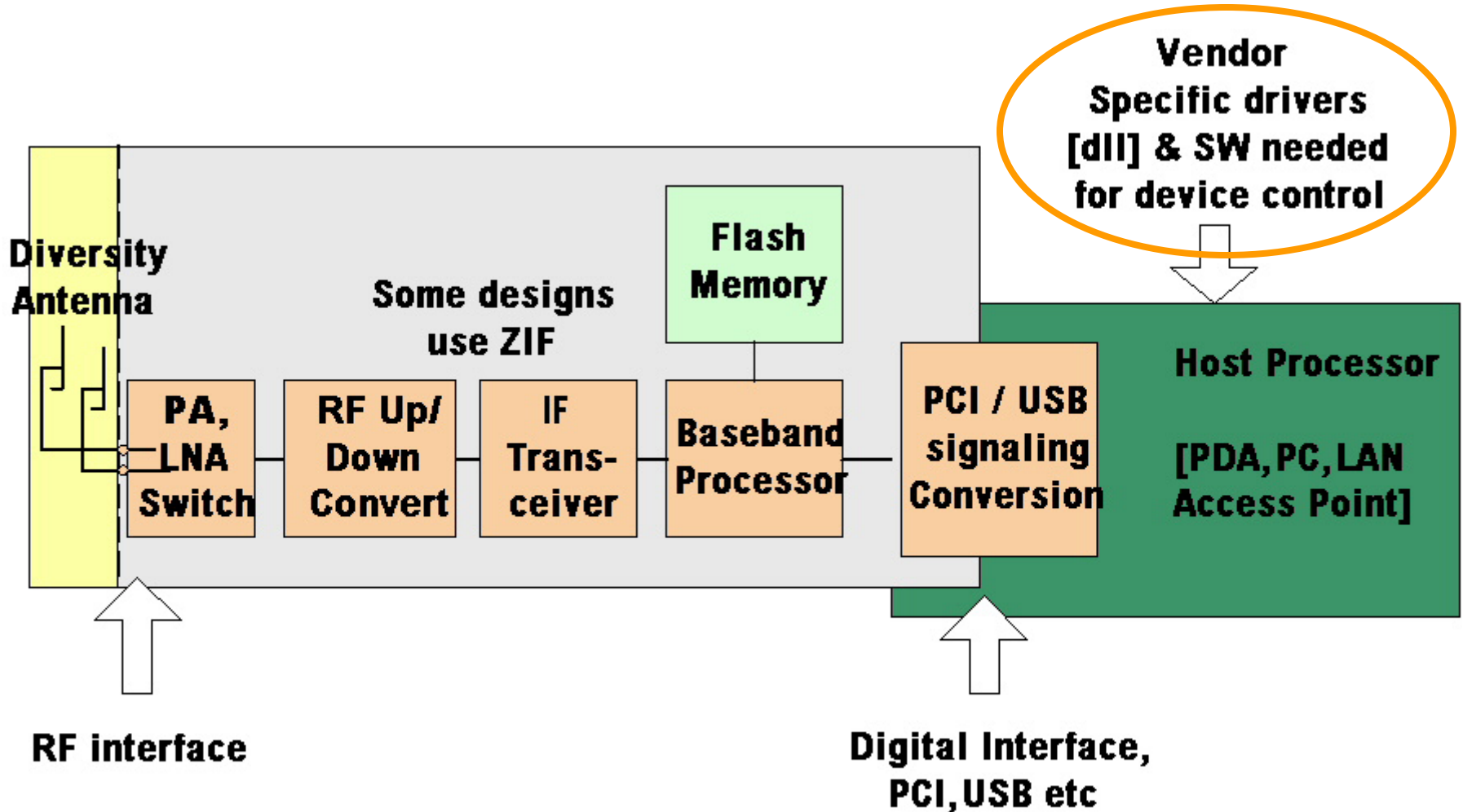
WLAN Card Circuitry



Inside a Typical WLAN Card

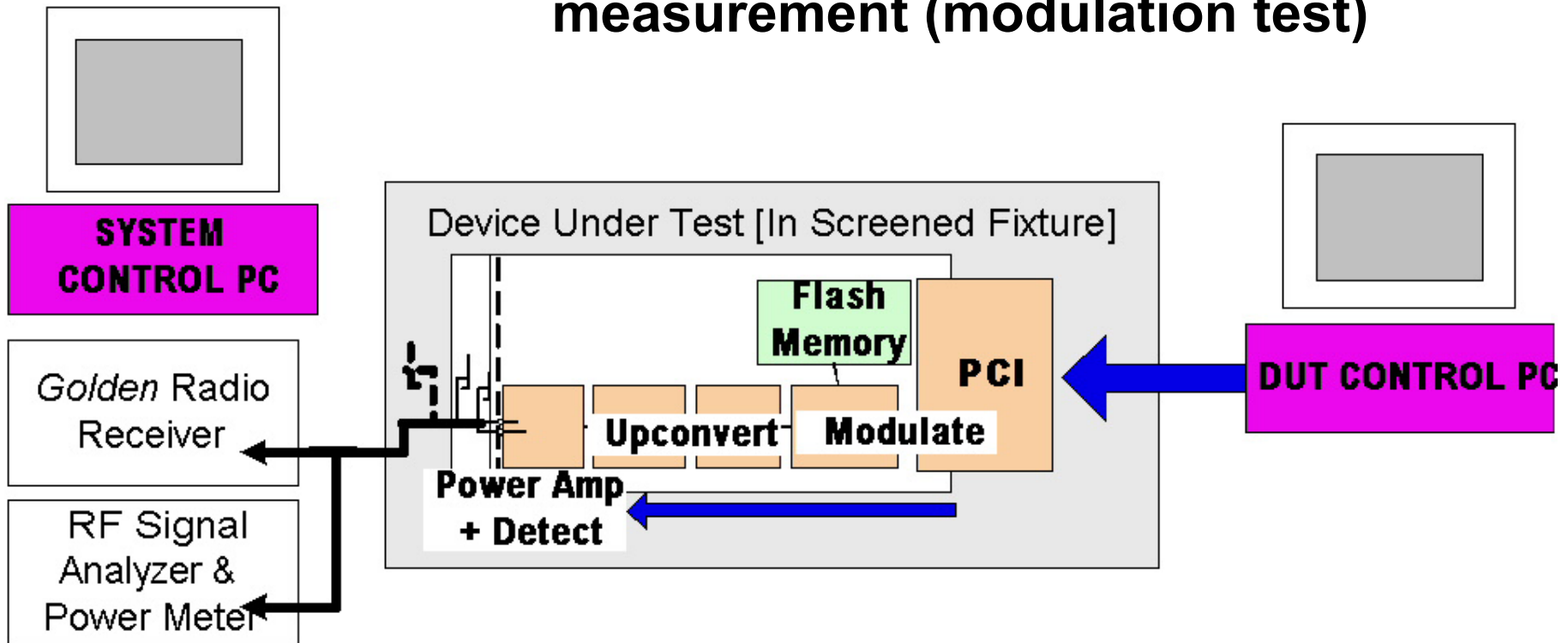


A WLAN Card As a System

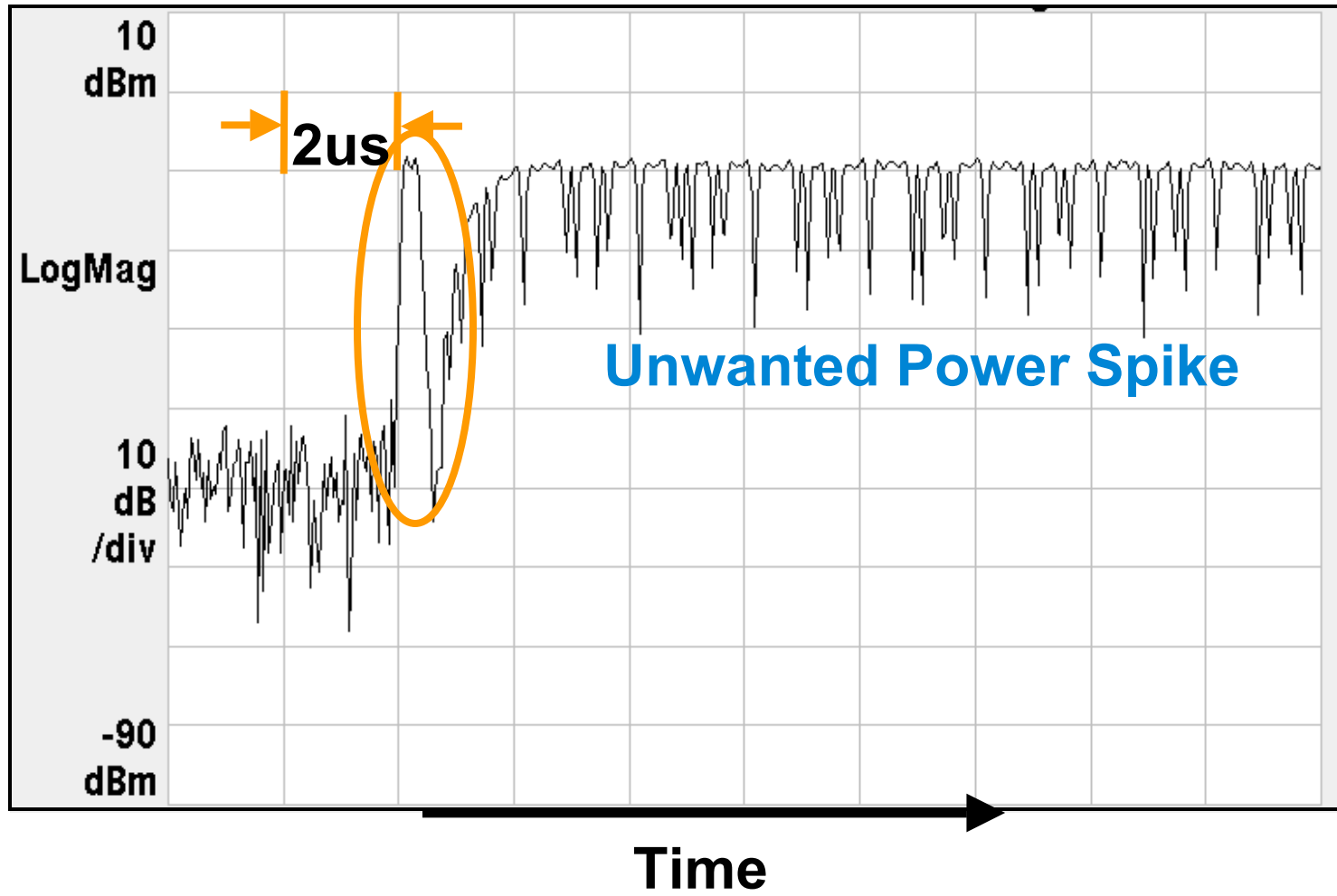


Transmitter Test – Basic Configuration

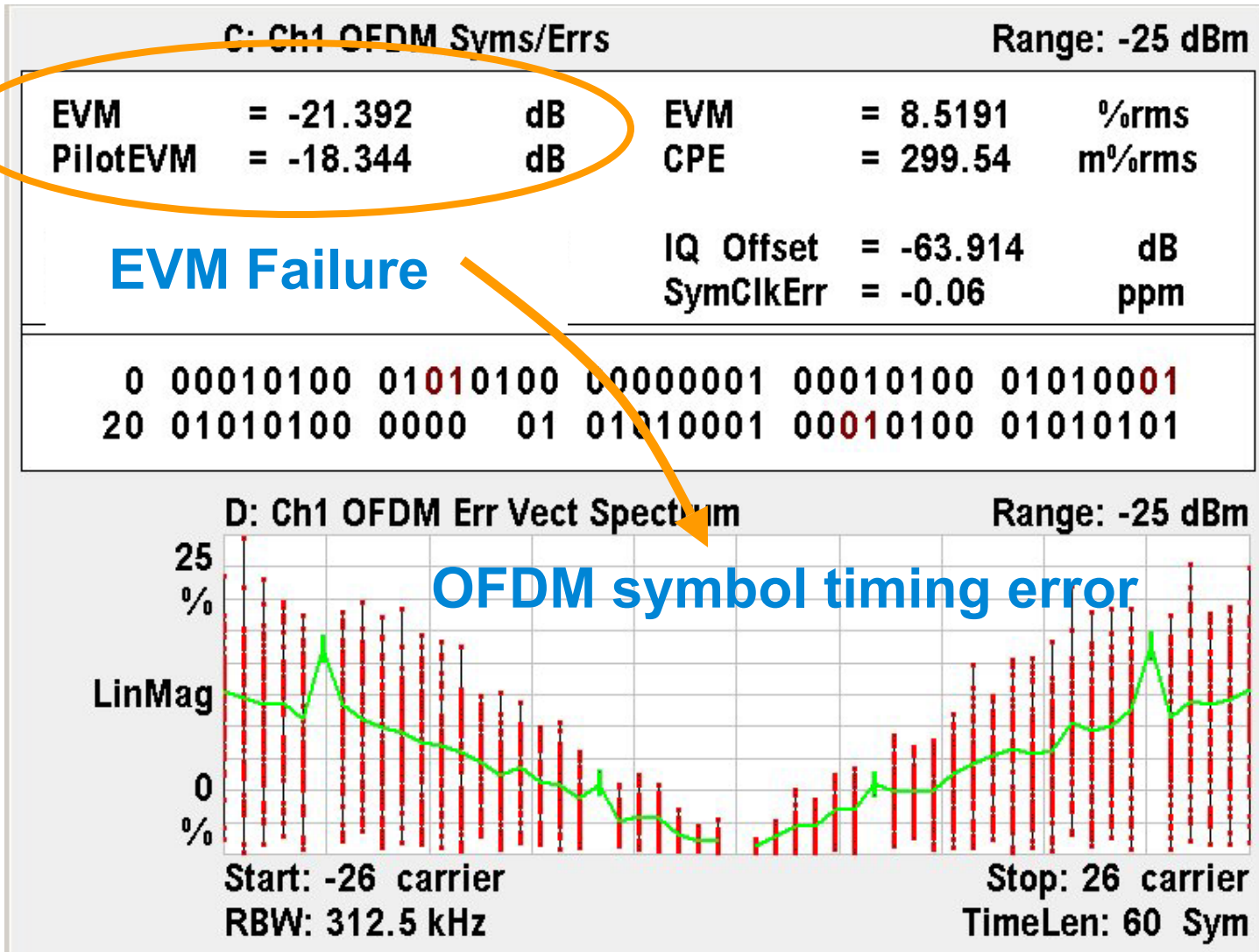
- Test Device instructed to create Test Frames, on the channel to be tested
- Spectrum Analyzer makes Narrow-band measurement
- *“Golden”* Radio used to make Tx Packet Error Rate measurement (modulation test)



802.11b Burst Ramping Example



802.11a EVM example



Making Transmitter Measurements

KEY

- Measurement provided
- Some limitations
- Calib. Required
- Consider Test
- Test Needed

PERFORMANCE TEST LIST	TEST EQUIPMENT		FILTER RESULTS	
	WIDEBAND SIGNAL ANALYZER	NARROW BAND SPECTRUM ANALYZER	FINAL TEST	BOARD TEST / ALIGNMENT
Output Power				
Peak Output Power				
Power Density				
Output Spectrum: -20dB BW, Freq Range				
Output Spectrum: Spurious				
Output Spectrum: Adj. Channel Power				
Modulation Accuracy [EVM]				
Carrier Frequency Tolerance				
Carrier Frequency Leakage				

Assumes Device Under Test is configured to transmit the required signals.



Issues With Transmitter Testing

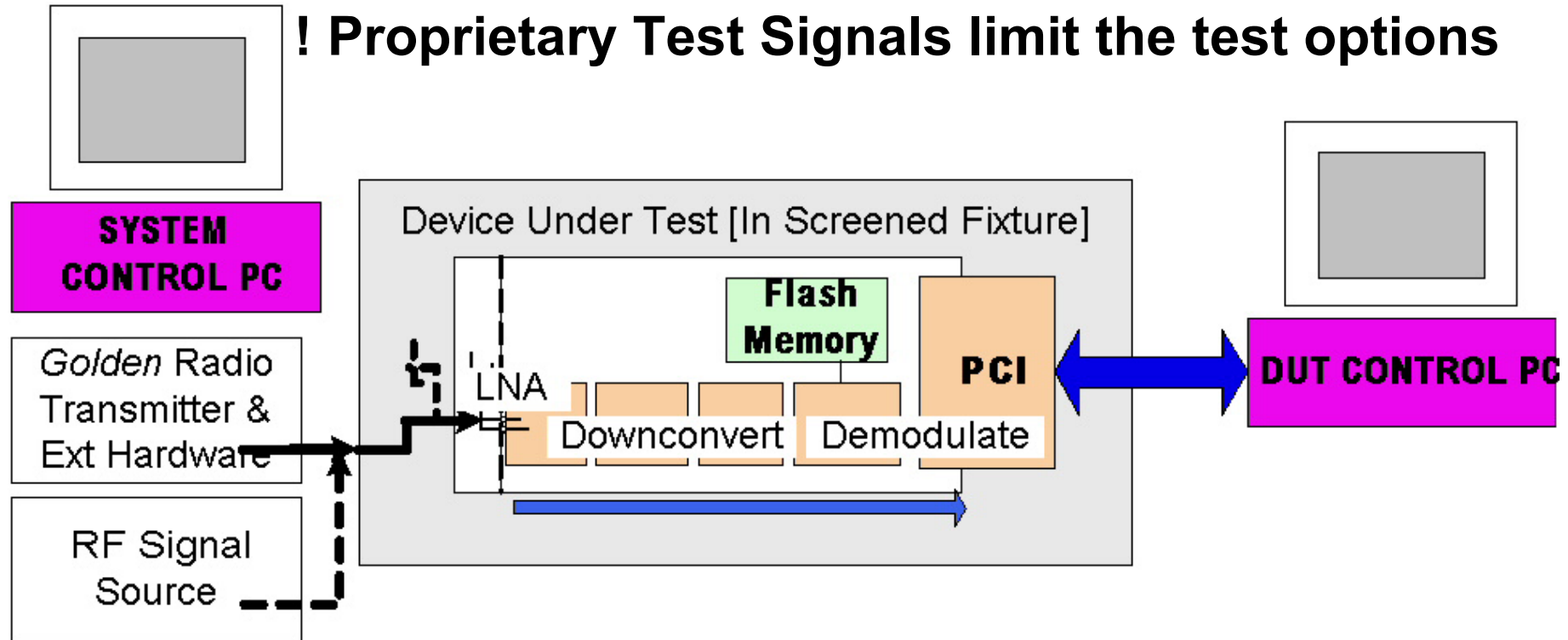
- **Modulation Accuracy using Tx PER or EVM?**
 - Tx PER result depends on the design [HW & DSP] of the *Golden* radio. Difficult to trace or compare.
 - Only bad packets tell you anything
 - EVM gives information from every burst. Likely to be faster
- **Do You Get The Data to Analyze a Problem?**
 - Wideband measurements contain the signal information needed to understand the problem



Receiver - Basic Configuration

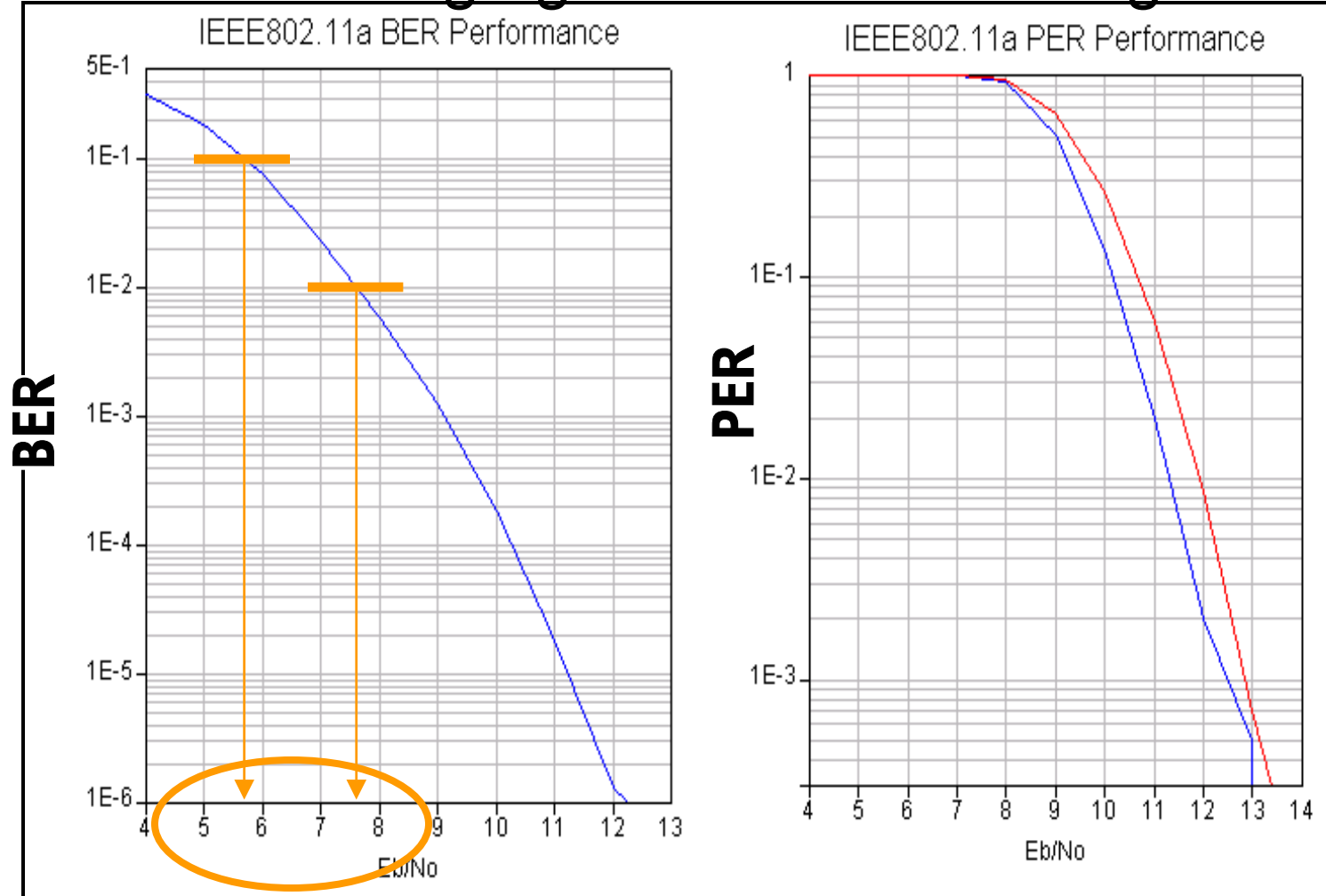
- No Test Signal *Loopback* path provided, but “One Way” method is used elsewhere, e.g. in IS95 CDMA
 - Test Frame transmitted to DUT.
 - DUT uses vendor’s Test Mode SW for measurement

! Proprietary Test Signals limit the test options



BER & PER vs. RF Level

2dB RF level change gives a 10 fold change in PER



Making Receiver Measurements

KEY
















 Measurement provided

 Some limitations

 Calib. Required

 Consider Test

 Test Needed

PERFORMANCE TEST LIST	TEST EQUIPMENT		FILTER RESULTS	
	SIGNAL GENERATOR	GOLDEN RADIO & EXTERNAL ATTENUATORS	FINAL TEST	BOARD TEST / ALIGNMENT
Sensitivity				
Sensitivity With Impairments				
Maximum Input Level				
Co & Adjacent Channel Interference				
Blocking Performance				
Data Throughput	 1			
RSSI				
Dynamic Freq. Selection test? [802.11h]				

All measurements need specialized, Vendor specific Test SW.

1: Use IQ data inputs



Issues With Receiver Testing

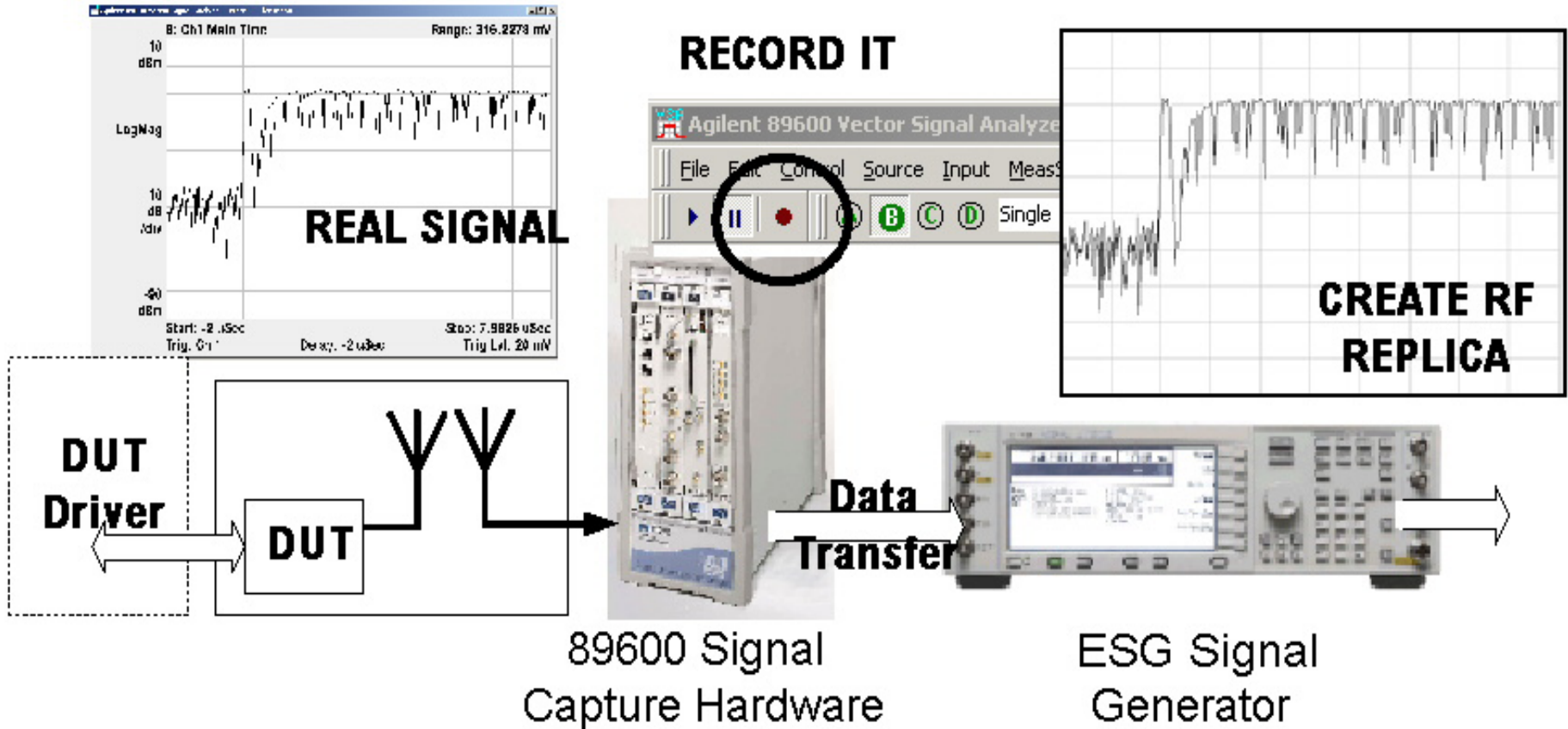
- **Use of *Golden Radio***
 - Vendor specific test
 - Temperature changes and Unit-unit variations can cause inconsistent results
 - Engineering effort req'd for Calibration & Support

- **PER or BER**
 - PER is the WLAN system characteristic, but is likely to be slower to measure than BER
 - Details of PER measurement vary in practice



A Technique for Resolving *Interop.* Problems

Record the Suspect Signal & Replay as required!



Wider Characterization May Be needed

- **Other Opportunities for Information gathering**
 - Modulation Performance versus Channel
 - Sensitivity versus Channel
 - Phase Drift during burst

 - Correlation between measurements
 - Battery emulation characteristics
 - Distributions of performance over lots



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Manufacturing Solution “Preamble”

- **Qualification & R&D based tests have different goals to a production test suite**
 - Many of the methods are very time consuming
 - May lack insight into verifying what can go wrong in manufacturing
- **Select methods and conditions that focus on your design and your processes.**



Selecting Tests: Combining all the Filters

Approach Filter Matrix

- Area of Potential Weakness
- Performance 'Guaranteed'
- Alignments Required
- Strong Correlation to IC Test
- Weak Correlation to IC Test

X-Selected for Relationships

A-Always Tested

R-Candidate for Removal

O-Omit

	Appliance Environment	WLAN Design Attributes	Guaranteed Design	Design Characterization	Design Alignment Required	Supply Chain Coverage	Manufacturing Failure Prevention	Manufacturing Solution	Test Solution vs Time	Sample Testing Plan
Power Output				X				X	A	X
Power Control									R	X
Modulation Characteristics				X					A	X
Initial Carrier Frequency									A	X
Carrier Frequency Drift									R	X
Sensitivity				X				X	A	X
RSSI								X	A	
Battery Current vs Operational Mode									A	X
Frequency Settling									O	
Pulse Shape									O	
Output Spectrum				X				X	R	X
Maximum Usable Frequency				X					R	X
Output Spectrum Accuracy									O	
Output Spectrum Accuracy with Power									O	X
Output Spectrum Accuracy with Emissions									O	X
Reference Performance				X					R	X
Working Performance									O	
Intermodulation Characteristics									O	
Power Density									O	

Sample Only



Selecting Equipment: Criteria

- Flexibility / Adaptability
- Measurement Capability / Consistency
- Cost
- Fixturing
- Throughput
- Calibration / Support
- Firmware Downloading
- Power Supply Provision

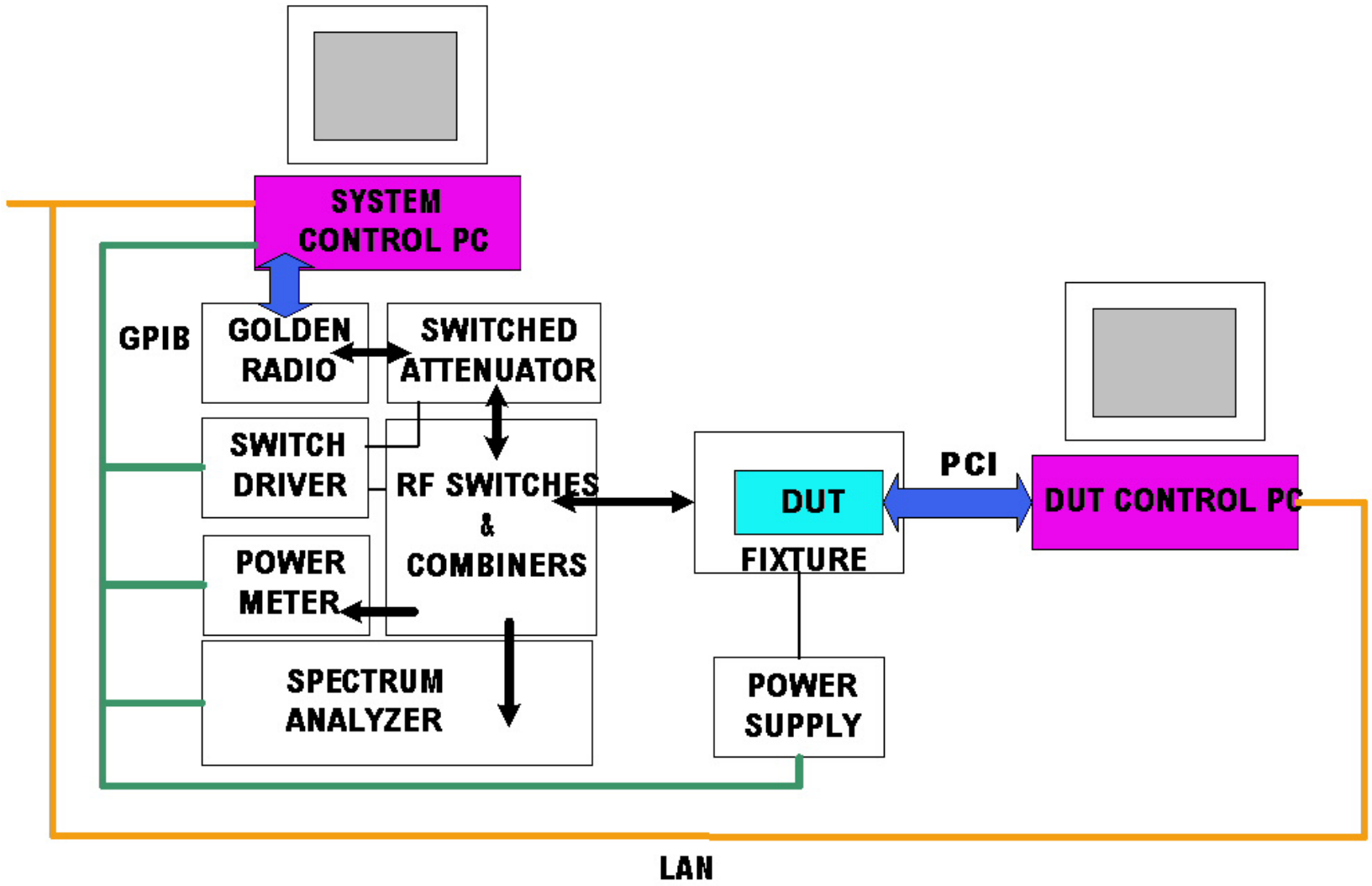


Implementing A WLAN Manuf. Test Plan

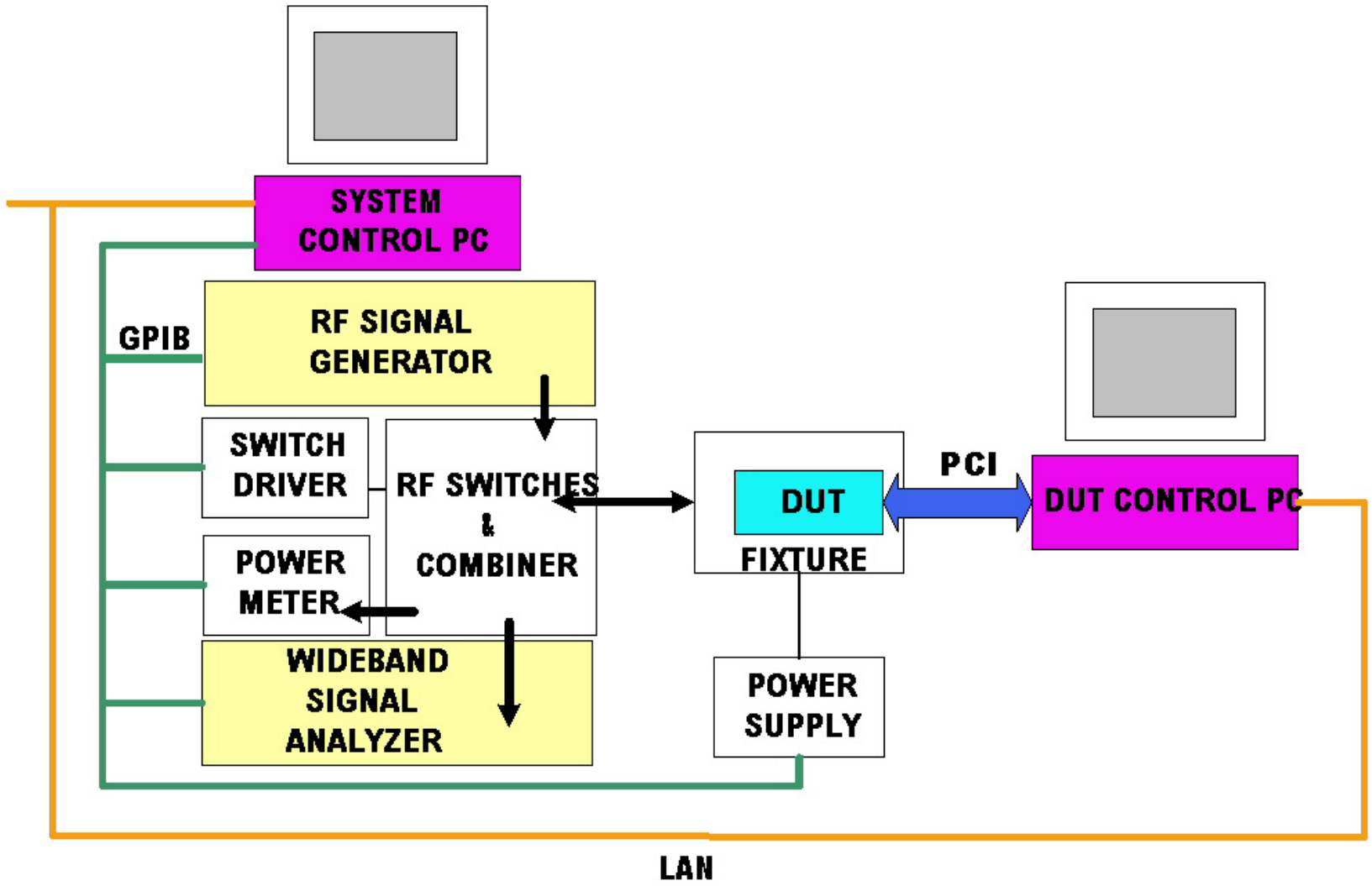
	Interface Basic Operation, FW Download
	Crystal Tuning and Trim
	Battery Current vs. Operational Mode
	Transmit Power
	Transmit Spectrum
	EVM / Tx. PER
	Center Frequency Tolerance
	Center Frequency Leakage
	Received Signal Strength Indicator
	Receiver Sensitivity
	MAC Address Download



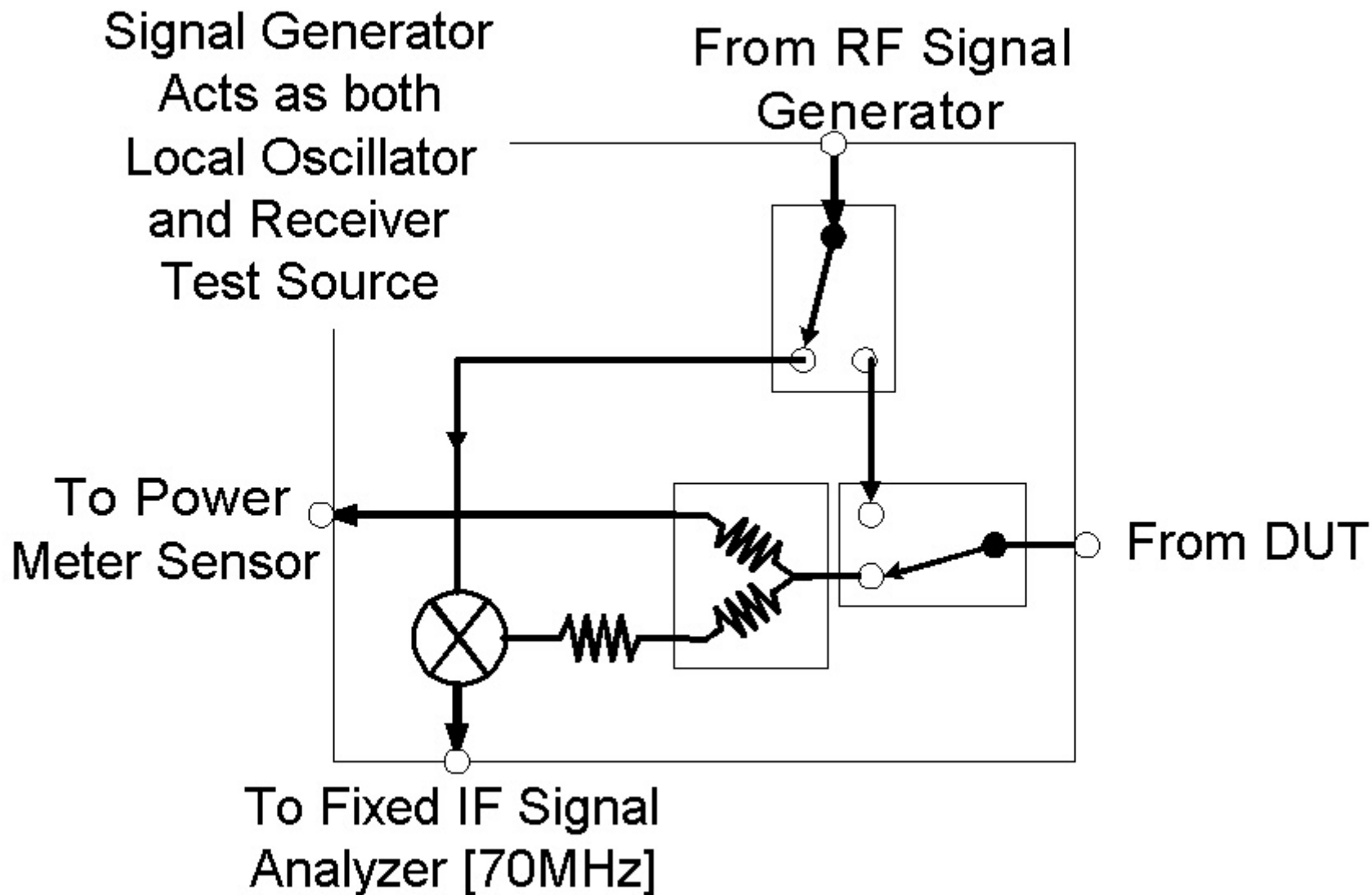
Typical WLAN Test System



An Enhanced Test System



Inside The Switch Box?



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Combined Spectrum Mask + Avg. Pwr.

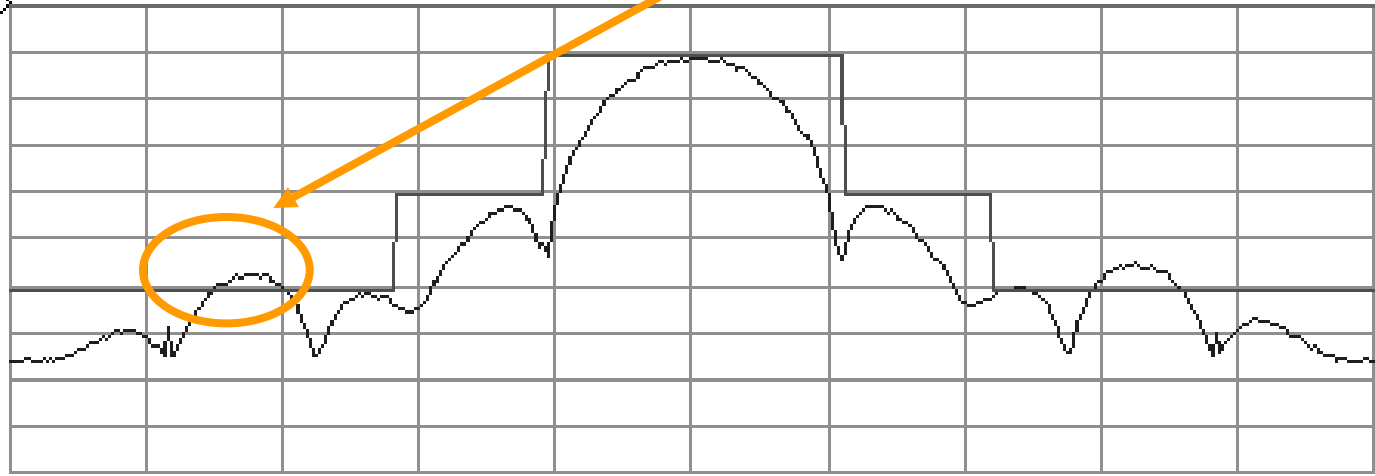
Base Ch Freq 2.412 GHz Trig Free
 Spectrum Emission Mask 802.11b FAIL

Center 2.412000000 GHz

Band Pwr: 8.78 dBm

Ref 2.20 dBm
 10.00 dB/

Spectrum (Ref: PSD)

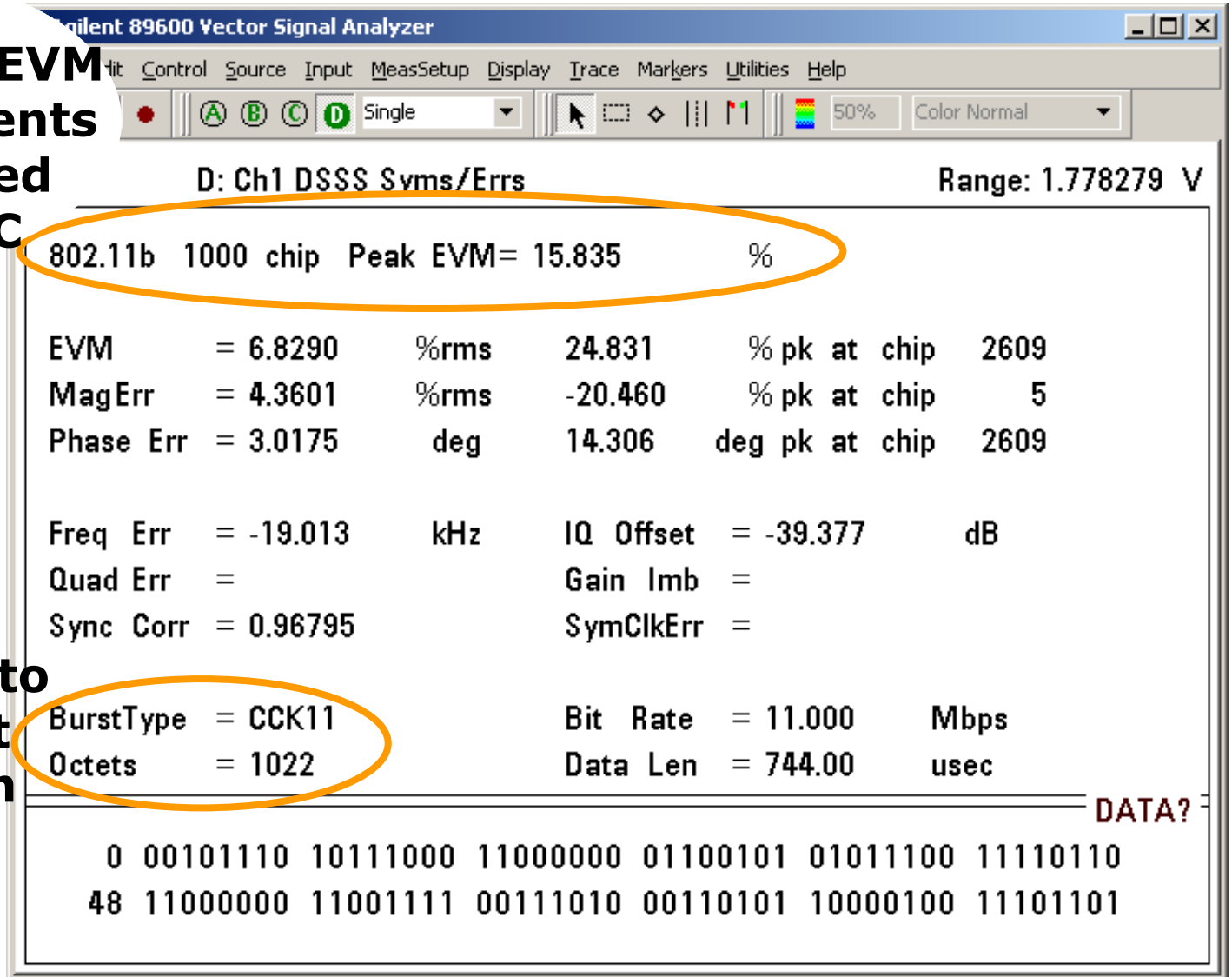


2.362 GHz Abs Limit Rel Limit 2.462 GHz

Peak Pwr Ref: -8.79 dBm / 100.000 kHz				Peak PSD Ref: -59.33 dBm/Hz		
Start(Hz)	Stop(Hz)	Meas BW(Hz)	dBc	Lower Freq(Hz)	dBc	Upper Freq(Hz)
11.000 M	22.000 M	100.00 k	-32.49	2.3984 G	-32.31	2.4256 G
22.000 M	50.000 M	100.00 k	-46.67 F	2.3795 G	-44.46 F	2.4440 G

802.11g Wideband Measurements

- Automatic EVM measurements on formatted CCK & PBCC bursts



- Data de-scrambled to give packet information



802.11a Semi-Automated Measurements

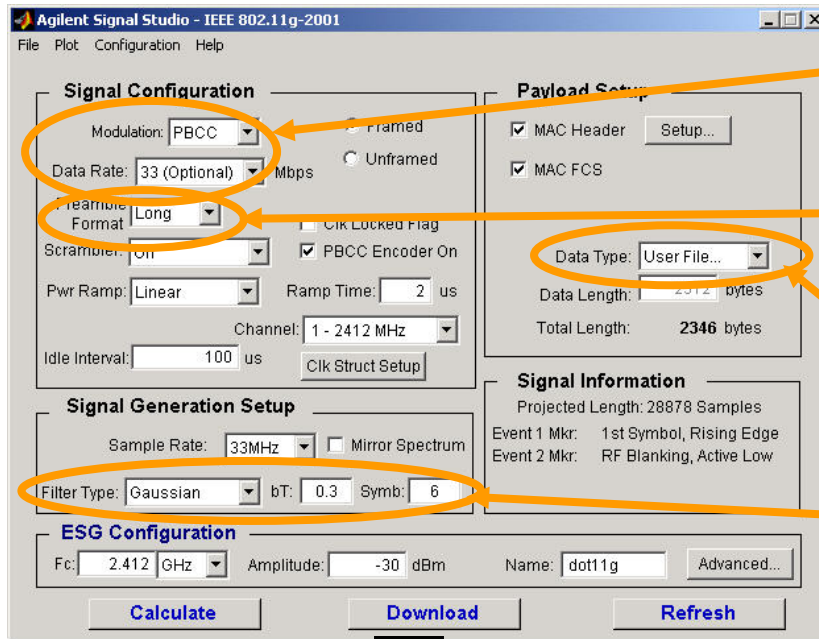
The screenshot displays the Agilent 89600 WLAN Test software interface. The window title is "Agilent 89600 WLAN Test - Pete_1". The menu bar includes File, Edit, Control, View, and Help. The toolbar contains various icons, with a play button circled in orange. The left pane shows a tree view of test specifications under "IEEE802.11a-1999 PMD Transmit Specification", with "Transmit modulation accuracy" selected. The main area is divided into three tabs: Parameters, Specifications, and Results. The Results tab is active, showing a table of test results. Below the table is a plot titled "Spectral Flatness" showing Amplitude in dB on the y-axis (ranging from -4.6 to 2.6) and a frequency range on the x-axis (from -26 to 26). A yellow curve represents the measured spectrum, and a red rectangular mask is overlaid on the plot. A green smiley face icon is visible in the bottom right corner of the software window.

Name	LastResult	Value
☺ Constellation Error	Pass	-40.11674 dB(EVM)
☹ 6 Mbits/sec Relative Const...	Not Applicable	
☹ 9 Mbits/sec Relative Const...	Not Applicable	
☹ 12 Mbits/sec Relative Con...	Not Applicable	
☹ 18 Mbits/sec Relative Con...	Not Applicable	
☹ 24 Mbits/sec Relative Con...	Not Applicable	
☹ 36 Mbits/sec Relative Con...	Not Applicable	
☹ 48 Mbits/sec Relative Con...	Not Applicable	
☺ 54 Mbits/sec Relative Con...	Pass	-40.11674 dB(EVM)
☺ Center Frequency Leakage	Pass	-69.18773 dB
☺ Spectral Flatness Margin	Pass	1.90936 dB
☺ Spectral Flatness	Pass	Vector...

- **Single button sequencing through multiple measurements**
- **Pass/ Fail indication against user definable limits**
- **Mask Tests for Spectral Flatness and Spectrum Emission**



802.11g PBCC Packet Generation

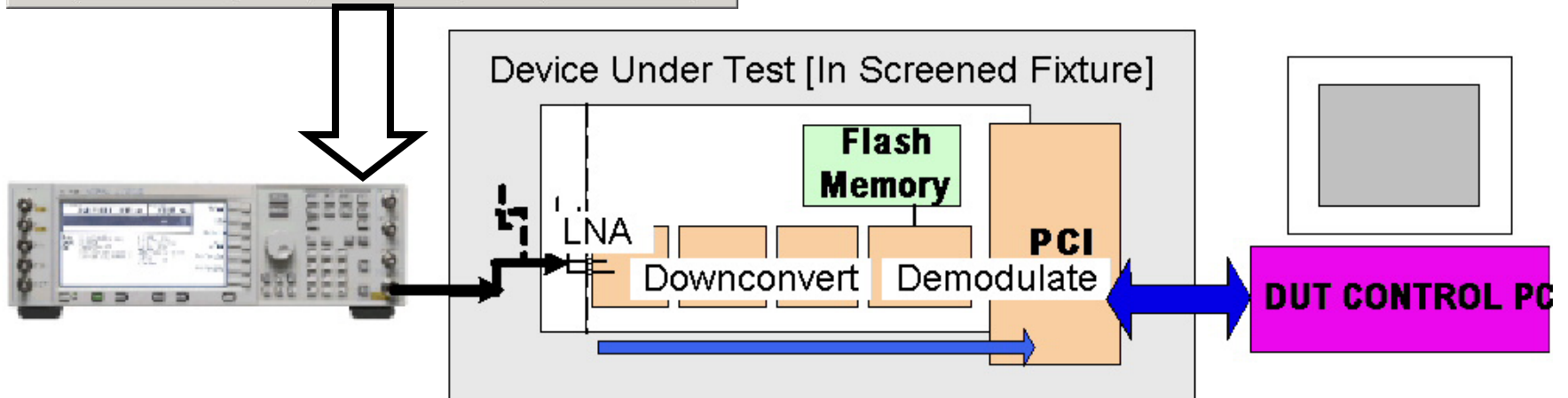


PBCC Modulation

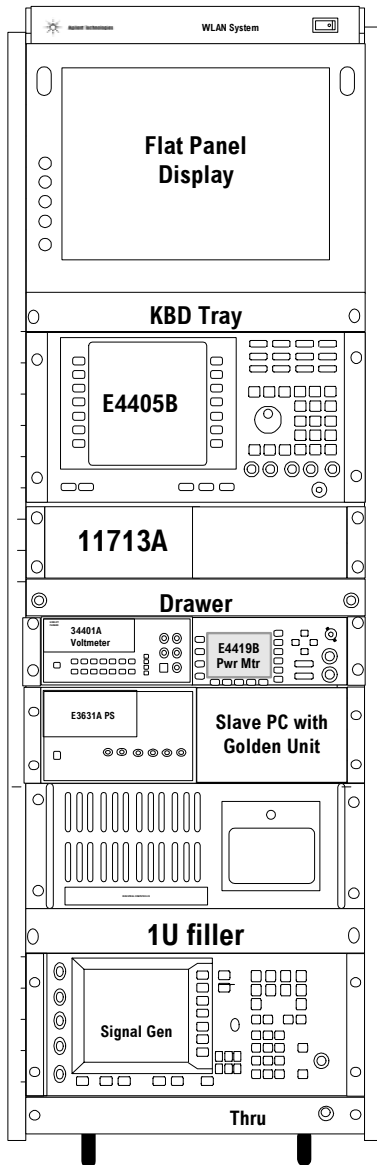
Selectable Preamble

Input data from User file

Selectable Modulation filter



802.11b Custom System Example



- **Delivers a Tested system.**
- **Calibration & support integrated**
- **Support Multiple DUT form factors (PCMCIA, CF, USB, Mini PCI, AP....)**
- **Easy Customization of the Test Plan**
- **Built-in Database capability**



Recommended Products

PERFORMANCE TEST LIST	896xxA Vector Signal Analyzer	E4418B EPM-P Power Meter	E4405B ESA-E Spectrum Analyzer	E4438C Signal Generator	66319 DC Power Supply
2.4GHz	640A			Opt 503	
Dualband	641A			Opt 506	
Output Power					
CCDF					
EVM					
Frequency Error					
Spectrum Mask					
Spurious / Harmonics					
Center Freq. Leakage					
RSSI					
Receiver Sensitivity					
Adjacent Ch rejection					
Battery Current					



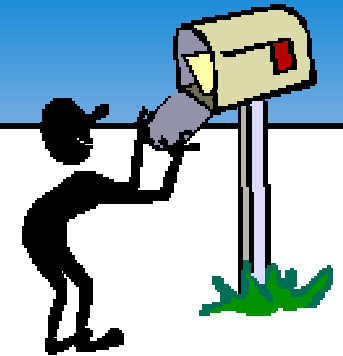
Summary Slide

- **WLAN device design is changing rapidly to keep pace with market expectations**
- **Highly integrated designs are offering increased data rates for moderate costs, but production yields & margins need to be watched**
- **Existing methods for testing the cards lack flexibility and may not ultimately use the most effective techniques**
- **Further enhancements to Agilent's broadly adopted Wideband test equipment provide a bridge to more general use of new techniques.**





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